Association of Landing Error Scoring System with Self-Reported Fitness And Wellness Among ROTC Cadets

Jones JR, Myers-Prescott TC



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Background

- ☐ Lower extremity (LE) injuries are common among ROTC cadets¹
- ☐ Prevention depends on identification of modifiable risk factors
- ☐ Landing Error Scoring System (LESS) can predict LE injury²
- ☐ ROTC programs often lack routine access to an Athletic Trainer (AT)³
- ☐ Survey responses can quantify function- and health-related problems
- ☐ Baseline survey administration may identify individuals with injury risk

Purpose

To assess the potential for using function- and health-related survey responses to identify ROTC cadets with poor jump landing kinematics

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Participants: 34 ROTC Cadets

- ☐ Male n=24
 - □ Age: 20.5 ± 2.4 (Range: 18-27)
 - □ Height: 177.7 ± 8.4 cm (Range: 152.4 190.5)
 - □ Mass: 77.2 ± 11.6 kg (Range: 49.5 96.8)

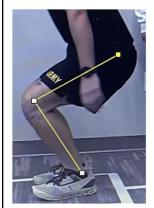
Female n=10

- □ Age: 20.0 ± 1.4 (Range: 18-22)
- □ Height: 164.8 ± 7.1 cm (Range: 154.9 175.3)
- \square Mass: 63.8 ± 12.2 kg (Range: 51.8 87.8)
- Exclusionary Criterion
 - □ Current injury (precluding drop-landing from 30cm box)

IRB #16-122

Methods







- ☐ Cross-sectional cohort study
- ☐ State Variable: Suboptimal landing²
 - LESS score ≥ 5
- Predictor Variables:
 - Sport Fitness & Wellness Index (SFWI)
 - Sport Fitness Index (SFI)
 - Overall Wellness Index (OWI)

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					Spo	ort Fitne	e:	ss Ir	idex				
1.	Over the past several years, how often have moderate-to-severe muscle and/or joint injuries limited your ability to participate fully in sports-related activities? Never Rare Infrequent Occasional Frequent Persistent						6.		ent are you both		-		discomfort during g stairs, etc.)? Severe
	0	0	0	0	0	0		O	O	O	O	O	O
2.	Over the past several years, how often has PAIN in any body part limited your OVERALL sport						7.	How often o	do you experience	sensations of j	oint instability, g	iving-way, and/o	r sudden pain
ĺ	performance capabilities?							that create apprehension during rapid and forceful movements (such as pivoting and cut					
	Never	Rare	Infrequent	Occasional	Frequent	Persistent		Never	Rare	Infrequent	Occasional	Frequent	Persistent
3.	To what extent do you feel that previous muscle and/or joint injuries currently limit your <u>speed</u> , power output, and/or endurance?					8.	As a result of participating in <u>sport-related activities</u> , how often do you experience <u>joint aching, limited motion, stiffness, and/or swelling?</u>						
	Not at all	Insignificant	Marginal	Moderate	Substantial	Severe		Never	Rare	Infrequent	Occasional	Frequent	Persistent
İ	O		O .	O	O	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
							9.	To what ext	ent are you both	ered by chronic	oint symptoms l	ike joint locking.	catching.
4.	To what extent is your OVERALL ability to perform weightlifting exercises and/or activities that						grinding, or persistent aching?						
	require explosive force output (such as maximum-effort jumping) currently limited by PAIN?						Not at all	Insignificant	Marginal	Moderate	Substantial	Severe	
İ	Not at all	Insignificant	Marginal	Moderate	Substantial	Severe		0	0	0	0	0	0
	0 0 0 0 0						10	10. Over the past 12 months, to what extent have personal life events created emotional					
5.	To what extent is your ability to perform any SPORT-SPECIFIC SKILL (such as throwing, swinging, or						7.0	such as sadness, o					
	kicking accuracy) currently limited by PAIN?					enjoyment of life, ability to concentrate, and/or fulfillment of routine daily responsibilities?							
	Not at all	Insignificant	Marginal	Moderate	Substantial	Severe		Never	Rare	Infrequent	Occasional	Frequent	Persistent
	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	O	0	0	0

	I problems listed below that have en that apply. If none apply, select "no	ver interfered with your ability to function in a one".	normal manner during normal day-		Uvera	ll Wellness
Headaches	Overall Wellness Index - Question	^{n2 of 10} 2. Sleep/Stam	ina Problems (6)			
Pressure in head Neck pain Muscle aches	Check each of the sleep/s day-to-day activities. Sele * must provide value	tamina problems listed below that have ever int ct all that apply. If none apply, select "none". Overall Wellness Index - Question 3 of 10	erfered with your ability to function in a normal mann			ndex
Nausea/vomiting Light sensitivity Noise sensitivity	Sleeping less Sleeping more Trouble falling asleep	Check each of the muscle control pr normal day-to-day activities. Select	3. Muscle Control oblems listed below that have ever interfered with you all that apply. If none apply, select "none".		A	
Joint aches Urinary incontinence	Fatigue lethargy Drowsiness	* must provide value Muscle weakness	Overall Wellness Index - Question 4 of 10	4. Bala	ance/Perception	Problems (10)
Bowel inconfinence General discomfort None	Pesing slowed down	Involuntary movements Muscle switching Muscle ferving Difficulty walking Tremor (scalisting motions) Changed handering Trouble using tools Difficulty using hands or feet Trouble swallowing	Check each of the balance/perception priormal day-to-day activities. Select all the "must provide value" Postural swayingfalling grinning sensations Dizenses Loss in familiar environment Trouble seeing things properly Difficulty recognizing faces Impaired parception of objects None	oblems listed below	w that have ever interfered with you	ability to function in a normal manner during
Overall Well	ness Index - Question 5 of 10	5. Abnormal Sens	sations (5)			
to-	eck each of the altered sensations lay activities. Select all that apply. ust provide value Vision changes Tingling Numbress Body pains Other changed sensations		our ability to function in a normal manner during	normal day-		

Overall Wellness Index - Question 6	of 10 6. Mood P	roblems (6)	Ove	erall Wellness		
to-day activities. Select all tha	problems listed below that have ever interfer at apply. If none apply, select "none".	red with your ability to function in a normal manner during no	mal day-	Overall vveilles		
* must provide value Suppression of emotions Emotional instability Depression/sadness Analety Nen-ousness Instability None	Overall Wellness Index - Question 7 of 10 Check each of the behavior problems lift to-day activities. Select all that apply, if	7. Behavior Regulaton P		Index		
	* must provide value Apathylack of motivation Loss of inhibitions	Overall Wellness Index - Question 8 of 10	8. Memory-Related	mory-Related Problems (4)		
	Hyper-nalgosity Calcusins Personally changes Aplaton-agression Voiet orburist Obsession-tempulation Regette orburist Crimical behaviors Impaired hypiane Altered eating habits Habiturations 100 9. Thinking-Rela	Check each of the memory-related problems is normal day-to-day activities. Select all that app "must provide value "Mapfaced objects Asking questions repeditively Massed appointments Officulty remembering past events None.	sted below that have ever interfered with you lay, if none apply, select "none".	ir ability to function in a normal manner during		
normal day-to-day activities. Se * must provide value	lect all that apply. If none apply, select "none	e". Overall Wellness Index - Question 10 of	10 I anguage_R	elated Problems (11)		
Planning/organizing difficulty Multi-tasking difficulty Problem-solving difficulty Mental rigidity (infexibility) Impulsive responses Mental fogginess		Check each of the language relation normal day-to-day activities. Self- most provide value. In prepared winting Impaired winting Impaired washing Impaired washing Impaired washing Impaired washing Impaired washing		th your ability to function in a normal manner during		
Difficulty concentrating Bad decisions		Stured speech, difficulty artic. Stuttering Incorrect word uselimispronum				

Landing Error Scoring System

- Participant instructions²
 - ☐ Jump forward without vertical motion
 - ☐ Leave box with simultaneous motion of both feet
 - □ Land with both feet within target area with immediate countermovement jump
- ■Target Landing Area
 - □ Center located at ½ height distance from box

Landing Error Scoring System Item Operational Definition of Error Scoring Knee flexion: initial contact The knee is flexed less than 30° at initial contact. 0 = Absent Present Hip flexion: initial contact The thigh is in line with the trunk at initial contact. - Absent Present Trunk flexion: initial contact The trunk is vertical or extended on the hips at initial contact. = Absent = Present The foot lands heel to toe or with a flat foot at initial contact. Ankle plantar flexion: initial contact = Absent Present Medial knee position: initial contact The center of the patella is medial to the midfoot at initial contact. Present Lateral trunk flexion: initial contact The midline of the trunk is flexed to the left or the right side of the body at initial contact. Absent The feet are positioned greater than shoulder width apart (acromion processes) at initial Stance width: wide Absent contact.
The feet are positioned less than shoulder width apart (acromion processes) at initial Stance width: narrow Absent Present Foot position: external rotation The foot is externally rotated more than 30° between initial contact and maximum knee Present Foot position: internal rotation The foot is internally rotated more than 30° between initial contact and maximum knee Absent Present Symmetric initial foot contact: One foot lands before the other foot or 1 foot lands heel to toe and the other foot lands Absent The knee flexes less than 45° between initial contact and maximum knee flexion. Knee-flexion displacement Absent Present Absent Hip-flexion displacement The thigh does not flex more on the trunk between initial contact and maximum knee 1 = Present D = Absent 1 = Present Trunk-flexion displacement The trunk does not flex more between initial contact and maximum knee flexion. Medial-knee displacement At the point of maximum medial knee position, the center of the patella is medial to the 0 = Absent Joint displacement Soft: the participant demonstrates a large amount of trunk, hip, and knee displacement. 0 = Soft Average: the participant has some, but not a large amount of, trunk, hip, and knee Stiff: the participant goes through very little, if any, trunk, hip, and knee displacement. Excellent: the participant displays a soft landing with no frontal-plane or transverse-2 = Stiff Overall impression plane motion. Average: all other landings.

Poor: the participant displays large frontal-plane or transverse-plane motion, or the 1 = Average 2 = Poor participant displays a stiff landing with some frontal-plane or transverse-plane motion.

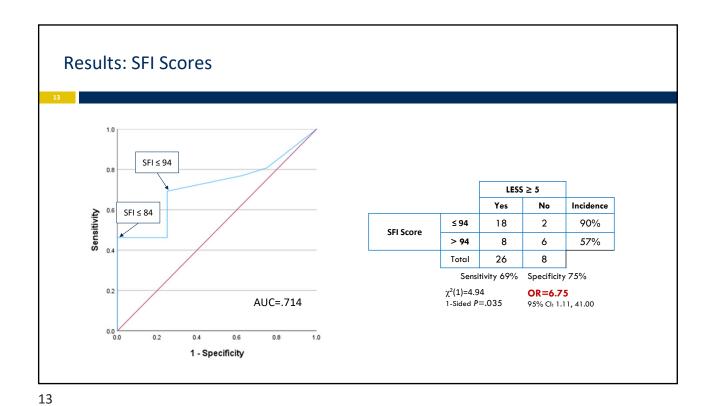
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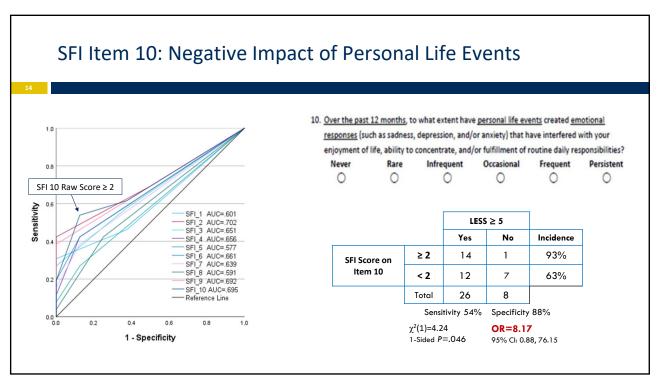
Statistical Analysis

- Receiver operating characteristic analyses and cross-tabulation analyses used to determine which overall survey scores and individual item responses were most strongly associated with LESS score ≥ 5
 - Area Under Curve
 - Sensitivity
 - Specificity
 - Odds Ratio

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Results: SFI, OWI, and SFWI (SFI + OWI Combined) Scores SFI ≤ 94 Survey Score AUC (95%CI) **Cut Point** Odds Ratio (95% CI) SFI (0-100) .714 (.538, .890) ≤ 94 6.75 (1.11, 41.00) 0.6 SFI ≤ 84 Sensitivity OWI (0-100) .673 (.472, .874) ≤ 94 3.75 (0.72, 19.64) SFWI (0-100) .716 (.544, .889) 4.80 (0.81, 28.60) SFWI_100 AUC=.716 SFI_100 AUC=.714 OWI_100 AUC=.673 Reference Line 0.2 8.0 1.0 1 - Specificity





Discussion

- Poor LESS score (≥ 5) more common among current ROTC cadets than previously reported for this population⁴
- Strong association identified between self-reported factors affecting musculoskeletal function and overall well-being with high LESS score
- Among survey items, strongest association apparent for impact of negative life events on daily activities
- ☐ Both neuromuscular and psychosocial factors may adversely affect performance capabilities of military personnel

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Clinical Relevance

- ☐ Baseline survey administration may be a valuable screening procedure for identification of individuals who are likely to demonstrate a high LESS score
- ☐ LESS test confirmation of suboptimal landing mechanics would justify intervention for injury risk reduction
 - ☐ Improvement of jump landing biomechanics: FIFA 11+, SportsMetrics, etc.⁵
 - ☐ Address self-reported psychosocial factors that contribute to injury risk



References

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- 5. Sadigursky D, Braid JA, De Lira DN, Machado BA, Carneiro RJ, Colavolpe PO. (2017). The FIFA 11+ injury prevention program for soccer players: a systematic review. *BMC Sports Sci Med Rehabil.* 9, 18. https://doi.org/10.1186/s13102-017-0083-z